



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/679,654	10/06/2003	Keith Bryan Knight	LOT9-2003-0023-US1 (7321-	4110
7590 12/29/2005			EXAMINER	
Steven M. Greenberg, Esquire			WALSH, JOHN B	
Christopher & V	Weisberg, P.A.			
Suite 2040			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
200 East Las Olas Boulevard			2151	
Lauderdale, FL	33301			

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/679,654	KNIGHT ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	John B. Walsh	2151
The MAILING DATE of this communicati	on appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, it was after the carried patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a roution. y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice up 	This action is non-final. allowance except for formal matt	• •
Disposition of Claims		
4)	ithdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b) objected to to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International f * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in A ne priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview S	summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO- Paper No(s)/Mail Date	948) Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 10/679,654

Art Unit: 2151

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,081,900 to Subramaniam et al.

As concerns claim 1, a method for tunneling (column 11, line 30) non-hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) data streams through a reverse proxy, the method comprising the steps of soliciting a secured connection with a reverse proxy protecting a back-end server computing device (figures 1 and 2); establishing a connection with said back-end server computing device via said reverse proxy through said solicitation (figures 1 and 2); and, responsive to establishing said connection, maintaining said connection (figure 2). As concerns the limitation of exchanging non-HTTP data over said secured connection without encapsulating said non-HTTP data within HTTP messages, Subramaniam et al. discloses one of ordinary skill in the art could use other protocols, such as FTP, for exchanging data (column 7, lines 65-67).

As concerns claim 2, the method of claim 1, wherein said soliciting step comprises the step of requesting a secured sockets layer (SSL) connection with said reverse proxy (column 3, line 25).

As concerns claims 3 and 11, wherein said requesting step comprises the steps of: acquiring an address for said reverse proxy and a port for establishing an SSL connection with

Application/Control Number: 10/679,654

Art Unit: 2151

said reverse proxy (inherent when communicating to acquire an address and port); further acquiring an address for said back-end server computing device and a port for establishing an SSL connection with said back-end server computing device (inherent when communicating to acquire an address and port); formulating an HTTP-CONNECT message using said acquired addresses and ports; and, writing said formulated HTTP-CONNECT message to said reverse proxy (figures 1 and 2).

As concerns claims 4 and 12, wherein said exchanging step comprises the steps of: formatting a buffer with real-time data; and, writing said buffer to said secured connection (column 3 lines 51-52).

As concerns claims 5 and 13, further comprising the step of performing authentication in said reverse proxy as a condition of establishing said secured connection (column 8, lines 40-41).

As concerns claim 6, a system for tunneling non-hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) data streams through a reverse proxy, the system comprising: a reverse proxy disposed between a client computing device (column 3, line 15) and a server (column 3, lines 14-15) computing device in a computer communications network; an authentication process configured for operation in conjunction with said reverse proxy (figures 1 and 2, column 8, lines 40-41); a communications socket established between said reverse proxy and said client computing device (figures 1 and 2); and, a non-HTTP data handler coupled to said secured communications socket and programmed to write non-HTTP data to said reverse proxy without encapsulating said non-HTTP data within HTTP messages (Subramaniam et al. discloses one of ordinary skill in the art could use other protocols, such as FTP, for exchanging data column 7, lines 65-67).

As concerns claim 7, the system of claim 6, wherein server computing device is a real-time streaming media server, said non-HTTP data handler is a real-time streaming media client, and said non-HTTP data is real-time streaming media (column 5, lines 43-49).

As concerns claim 8, the system of claim 6, wherein said communications socket is a secured sockets layer (SSL) communications link (column 3, line 25).

As concerns claim 9, a machine readable storage having stored thereon a computer program for tunneling non-hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) data streams through a reverse proxy, the computer program comprising a routine set of instructions for causing the machine to perform the steps of: soliciting a secured connection with a reverse proxy protecting a back-end server computing device (figures 1 and 2); establishing a connection with said back-end server computing device via said reverse proxy through said solicitation (figures 1 and 2); and, responsive to establishing said connection, maintaining said connection (figure 2). As concerns the limitation of exchanging non-HTTP data over said secured connection without encapsulating said non-HTTP data within HTTP messages, Subramaniam et al. discloses one of ordinary skill in the art could use other protocols, such as FTP, for exchanging data (column 7; lines 65-67).

As concerns claim 10, the machine readable storage of claim 9, wherein said soliciting step comprises the step of requesting a secured sockets layer (SSL) connection with said reverse proxy (column 3, line 25).

Application/Control Number: 10/679,654 Page 5

Art Unit: 2151

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are moot in 3. view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's 4. disclosure.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John B. Walsh whose telephone number is 571-272-7063. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Wednesday from 5:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Zarni Maung can be reached on 571-272-3939. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Primary Examiner Art Unit 2151